

Progression of Skills – P.E. (Athletics)

Skills	EYFS	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
Running	hopping and stopping Change dynamics – walk slowly/quickly. Experience practicing actions	Run for longer periods of time without stopping Run at varying speeds showing a change in pace Run with understanding of spatial awareness Perform the 5 jumps with increasing control Showing increasing control at	Run for 1 minute or longer Show differences in running at speed and jogging Use different techniques to meet challenges Describe different ways of running Explain what is successful or how to improve in races Perform the 5 basic jumps with control (2-2. 2-1, 1-2, 1-1 same foot, 1 to 1 landing on other foot)	Begin to run smoothly at different speeds Warm up safely with guidance Begin to understand pace and how to use it in races Perform combinations of jumps with increasing control Begin to understand what makes	for different distances Pace and sustain their effort over longer distances Watch and describe specific aspects of running e.g. what arms and legs are doing Recognise and record how the body works in different types of challenges over different distances Carry out stretching and warm-up safely With guidance, set realistic targets of times to achieve over a short and longer distance Perform combinations of jumps e.g. hop, step, jump showing control and consistency	Sustain pace over longer distances Run for 2 minutes smoothly Warm up correctly in small groups with less support Explain what stamina and speed are Relay change overs with increasing success Perform the long jump, triple jump, standing jump and vertical jump with increasing control	Sustain pace over longer distance – 2 minutes or longer Relay change-overs Set realistic targets for self, of times to achieve over a short and longer distance Identify the main strengths of a performance of self and others Identify parts of the performance that need to be improved Perform a range of warm-up exercises specific to running for short and longer distances Explain how warming up affects performance Explain why athletics can help stamina and strength Demonstrate a range of jumps showing power and control and consistency at both take-off and landing
Jumping	Jump over low barriers Challenge themselves to jump further/higher	take-off and landing	Perform combinations of the above Show control at take-off and landing Describe different ways of jumping Explain what is successful or how to improve	a good jump and areas to improve on Introduce long jump, triple jump, vertical jump	Choose different styles of jumping Watch and describe specific aspects of jumping e.g. what arms and legs are doing With guidance, set realistic targets when jumping for distance or height	Analyse own and others performance giving areas of strength and areas for improvements	Set realistic targets for self, when jumping for distance for height
Throwing		Perform a roll and underarm throw with increasing success Begin to throw overarm with increasing success	Throw into targets Perform a range of throwing actions e.g. rolling, underarm, overarm Describe different ways of throwing Explain what is successful or how to improve	Begin to throw using different styles Become more successful at aiming throws Try to describe what makes a successful throw	Explore different styles of throwing e.g. pulling, pushing and slinging Throw with greater control Consistently hit a target with a range of implements Watch and describe specific aspects of throwing With guidance, set realistic targets when throwing over an increasing distance and understand that some implements will travel further than others	Perform a javelin, shot and discus throw with increasing control Throw accurately with the over arm technique Describe what makes a good throw and how to improve	Throw with greater accuracy, control and efficiency of movement using pulling, pushing and slinging action with foam javelin, shot and discus Organise small groups to safely take turns when throwing and retrieving implements Set realistic targets for self, when throwing over an increasing distance and understand that some implements will travel further than others

Progression of Skills – P.E. (Dance)

Skills	EYFS	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
Compose	Spontaneously respond to a variety of stimuli through movement Move with appropriate actions and timing in response to some stimuli Explore and develop control of movement using: Actions (WHAT) – walk, jump, land, hop, skip, stretch, twist, turn Space (WHERE) – forwards, backwards, sideways, high, low, safely showing an awareness of others Relationships (WHO) – copy teacher/performer, on own and beginning to interact with a partner Dynamics (HOW) – slowly, quickly, smoothly, jerkily Begin to use own ideas to sequence dance Begin to sequence and remember a short dance	from own ideas	Respond appropriately to a variety of stimuli through movement Move with appropriate actions and timing in response to a stimulus Develop control of movement using: Actions (WHAT) — travel, stretch, twist, turn, jump Space (WHERE) — forwards, backwards, sideways, high, low, safely showing an awareness of others Relationships (WHO) — on own and with a partner by teaching each other 2 movements to create a dance with 4 actions Dynamics (HOW) — slowly, quickly, with appropriate expression Use own ideas to sequence dance Sequence and remember a short dance Show the spatial awareness to make the transition from whole group/solo dance to duet and back to whole group/solo	Show improving movement using actions, space, relationships, dynamics and be introduced to choreographic devices Show improving musicality in their dance Plan, perform and evaluate dance	Respond to a variety of stimuli Explore and experiment with movement ideas and possibilities Create dance phrases and dances Select appropriate movement material showing an idea/thought/feeling Develop movement using; Actions (WHAT); travel, turn, gesture, jump, & stillness Space (WHERE); formation, direction & levels Relationships (WHO); whole group/duo/solo, unison/canon Dynamics (HOW); explore speed, energy (e.g. heavy/light) Choreographic devices; motif, motif development and repetition Structure a dance phrase, connecting different ideas showing a clear beginning, middle and end Show increasing awareness of musicality in their dance	Remember and perform longer dance phrases Work independently and as a group to perform dance Show improving musicality in their performances	Respond to a variety of stimuli Explore and experiment with movement ideas and possibilities Create longer and challenging dance phrases and dances Select appropriate movement material to express ideas/thoughts/feelings Develop movement using; Actions (WHAT); travel, turn, gesture, jump, & stillness Space (WHERE); formation, direction, level & pathways Relationships (WHO);, solo/duo/trio, unison/canon/contrast Dynamics (HOW) explore speed, energy (e.g. heavy/light, flowing/sudden) Choreographic devices; motif, motif development, repetition, retrograde (performing motifs in reverse) Demonstrate a good understanding of Musicality in their performances
Perform	Show interest by observing or participating in dance activities Display high levels of involvement in exploring and performing dance movements Maintain attention and concentration when exploring and performing in dance activities Demonstrate a rhythmical response which shows increasing co-ordination, strength and control Self-initiate dance performance Express feelings through movement Copy and repeat dance actions	Move with some control and coordination Move with increasing confidence Show improving balance Copy dance moves with some success Co-ordinate different body parts with increasing control Begin to interact with a dance partner	Move spontaneously showing some control and co-ordination Move with confidence when e.g. walking, hopping, jumping, landing Move with rhythm in the above actions Demonstrate good balance, which comes from an increasing awareness, control and strength in the core when bending, stretching, twisting and turning Move in time with music Co-ordinate arm and leg actions e.g. march and clap Interacts with a partner e.g. holding hands, swapping places, meeting and parting	Dance using different actions including travel, turn, gesture, jump and stillness Begin to use space in dance using levels, directions, pathways and body shape Begin to show different relationships in dance (mirroring, unison and canon)	Perform their dance to an audience showing confidence Show co-ordination, control and strength (Technical Skills) Show focus, projection and musicality (Expressive Skills) Demonstrate different dance actions – travel, turn, gesture, jump, & stillness Demonstrate dynamic qualities – speed, energy & continuity Demonstrate use of space – levels, directions, pathways & body shape Demonstrate different relationships – mirroring, unison, canon, complementary & contrasting Copy, repeat and remember movement, developing movement memory	Perform dance to an audience Showing improving co- ordination, control and musicality in dance Create dance sequences individually and in small groups to include actions, dynamics, space, and relationships	Perform their dance to an audience showing confidence and clarity of actions Show co-ordination, control, alignment, flow of energy and strength (Technical Skills) Show focus, projection, sense of style and musicality (Expressive Skills) Demonstrate a wide range of dance actions – travel, turn, gesture, jump, & stillness Demonstrate dynamic qualities – speed, energy, continuity, rhythm Demonstrate use of space – levels, directions, pathways, size & body shape Demonstrate different relationships – mirroring, unison, canon,

							complementary & contrasting, body part to body part and physical contact Copy, repeat and remember complex movement,
Appreciate	Demonstrate an appropriate response to a stimuli Describe simple dance actions using the appropriate vocabulary Express and communicate feelings and preferences in own and others' dance	Respond to music by copying actions Begin to describe how the body changes when you start to dance	Respond in a variety of ways through movement to a range of	Show an increasing understanding of different styles Begin to comment on their own work and that of others by noting strengths and areas to improve	Show an awareness of different dance styles and traditions Understand and use simple dance vocabulary Understand why safety is important in the studio Compare and comment on their own and others work Identify strengths and areas for improvement using simple dance vocabulary Evaluate experiences and outcomes and set goals for their own development Discuss aesthetic qualities of dance, making judgements related to design, costume, stimuli and content	Show an awareness of different dance styles, traditions and aspects of their historical/social context Understand and use dance vocabulary Understand why safety is important in the studio Compare and comment on their own and others work Identify strengths and areas for improvement using dance vocabulary Evaluate experiences and outcomes and set goals for their own development Discuss aesthetic qualities of dance, making judgements related to design, costume, stimuli and content Take on board feedback and deal positively with praise and criticism	Show an awareness of different dance styles, traditions and aspects of their historical/social context Understand and use dance vocabulary Understand why safety is important in the studio Compare and comment on their own and others work Identify strengths and areas for improvement using dance vocabulary Evaluate experiences and outcomes and set goals for their own development Discuss aesthetic qualities of dance, making judgements related to design, costume, stimuli and content Take on board feedback and deal positively with praise and criticism

Progression of Skills – P.E. (Games)

Skills	EYFS	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
Physical Skills	Play on their own and with others, keeping themselves safe by finding free space Become a competent mover so that they can avoid others by controlling their body so they don't fall over i.e. move forward, sideways and backwards at different speeds with increasing control Control balls of various sizes & shapes; carry and release into a target, roll, throw underarm into a target, bounce & catch on the spot and on the move, throw a ball in the air and catch, strike the ball with a foot, hit a ball with a bat into a target Move into a space or jump to stop a ball Begin to join actions together e.g. throw then move	Be a competent mover so that they can avoid others by controlling their body so they don't fall over i.e. move forward, sideways and backwards at different speeds with control Control and make decisions when playing with balls of various sizes & shapes; roll & throw underarm/overarm to a partner, receive balls of various sizes and shapes from a partner, bounce & catch on the spot and on the move, strike & receive the ball with a foot & hit a ball with a bat when playing with a partner	space or jump to stop catch or strike a ball Be a competent mover so that they can avoid others by controlling their body so they don't fall over i.e. move	Begin to use tactics in small sided games by working together as a team Start to play and keep games going by showing improvements in physical skills Develop a greater understanding of space Begin to demonstrate more success in sport specific skills	Keep games going because they have the skill and control to do so e.g. throw and catch in different ways, choosing the right time to pass, selecting the best place to pass to a team mate or to outwit an opponent, join actions together like move, receive, shoot Send and receive a ball with hands, feet, racquet and bat with increasing accuracy to a target, space or team mate Use space well by finding and moving into a free space/passing to team mates when they are in a good space Develop a range of defence and attacking skills in invasion, net/wall, striking/fielding type games e.g. those described in core tasks and TOPs activities to prepare them to play mini versions of traditional NGB's mini versions as described in Upper Key Stage 2 Have the confidence to try out new skills and recognise which skills they need to practise	Play small sided games by showing an improvement in sport specific skills Demonstrate the confidence and competence to successfully take part in the range of games as described above Demonstrate the perseverance to improve	Pass, control, dribble and shoot with accuracy and fluency while on the move Send and receive a ball with hands, feet, racquet and bat with accuracy to a target, space or team mate in traditional NGB's mini versions of invasion, net/wall, striking/fielding games e.g. Tag Rugby, High 5 Netball, Football, Basketball, Kwik Cricket, Mini Tennis, Rounders Demonstrate the confidence and competence to successfully take part in the range of games as described above Demonstrate the perseverance to improve
Thinking Skills	Watch and copy others who are doing well Choose the best equipment to enable them to play or move well Make simple decisions of where and when to move to receive or defend a ball Choose how to make it difficult for others to beat them	Show determination to improve ownskills Follow simple rules considering others Begin to understand tactics and why they are important in games Begin to make decisions when playing with equipment in small games	ideas of how to make the game easier/harder/more enjoyable by using STEP i.e. changing the space/task/equipment/people	Share their own ideas and listen to others when working with a team and deciding upon tactics to use Begin to identify strengths and weaknesses in own team/opposition Adaptrules to suit the conditions	With others, decide and try out different ideas/tactics to outwit an opponent in defence and attack Understand own and others' strengths and weaknesses and have the confidence to practise to improve Understand how to take responsibility for their own and others' safety when playing games Adapt and make up rules to suit the equipment/space/targets used	Decide and try out tactics to outwit opponents Alter tactics when needed Make quick decisions in games	Understand own and others' strengths and weaknesses and how to choose the most competent person for a specific role within the team Make decisions quickly in a game Change tactics/roles as necessary for the success of the whole team Understand the transference of skills from one type of game to another and apply appropriately Reflect on own and. others' performance to help improve personal and team skills and performance

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Understand and keep to the Understand and keep to the Join in games with others Stay within boundaries of Include others in their games Decide and follow rules in games Keep possession of the ball rules of the games described rules of the games described for everyone's enjoyment games Take turns Begin to recognise what they and Select different positions in the above to enable the game to above to enable the game to team based on strengths of others can do well Follow simplerules Encourage team mates Stay within boundaries of games flow and keep player's safe flow and keep player's safe players Keep to rules so that they and others Understand that if they don't Work collaboratively with Show good sportsmanship Select different positions in the Select different positions in the enjoy an activity Begin to recognise Agree on their own rules to suit play fairly others won't enjoy the team mates team based on strengths of team based on strengths of how they and others feel when they the equipment activity players players Share ideas find activities easy/difficult, when they Keep to the rules so that they and Understand that joining in Challenge and encourage each Challenge and encourage each activities gives them a good Begin to play co- operatively others enjoy and are challenged other to perform to the best of other to perform to the best of and competitively with a Encourage team mates to do feeling their ability control the feelings their ability control the feelings partnerorsmall team by well accept winning and losing experienced e.g. nervousness experienced e.g. nervousness following simple rules as part of games /excitement / disappointment /excitement / disappointment to help themselves and others to help themselves and others enjoy the games enjoy the games

Progression of Skills – P.E. (Gymnastics)

Skills	EYFS	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
	Together we are going to make a gymnastic story using our gymnastic friends. Try out some of the actions first. Stand "like a gymnast": extend core, legs, hold extended arms	Key Steps Gym Routine - start and finish position - forward roll - teddy roll - back support - rocking - step turn jump Continue to develop the balances described in EYFS with	Key Steps Gym Routine - start and finish position - forward roll - teddy roll - back support - rocking - step turn - jump Continue to develop the balances described in EYFS with	Key Steps Gym Routine - start/finish position - forward roll - arabesque - half turn - backward roll, front support - press up - shoulder stand cartwheel Challenge balance and use of core strength by exploring and	Key Steps Gym Routine - start/finish position - forward roll - arabesque - half turn - backward roll, front support - press up - shoulder stand - cartwheel Challenge balance and use of core strength by exploring and	Key Steps Gym Routine - start and finish position - round off - y balance - backward roll to straddle - full or half turn two cartwheels or handstand forward roll Perform balances with control, showing good body tension.	Key Steps Gym Routine - start and finish position - round off - y balance - backward roll to straddle - full or half turn - two cartwheels or handstand forward roll Perform balances with control, showing good body tension.
	above shoulder height in front, up high, out to side, stress the extension of hands and fingers. Sit like a gymnast in "long sit": long body - extend core, head up, long legs - show extension and tension in legs, stretch	greater strength control. Encourage the children to hold their balance for a count of 5. Develop balance on front and back so that extended arms and legs are held off the floor (arch and dish shapes respectively).	greater strength control. Encourage the children to hold their balance for a count of 5. Develop balance on front and back so that extended arms and legs are held off the floor (arch and dish shapes respectively).	developing use of upper body strength taking weight on hands and feet – front support (press up position) and back support (opposite). NB: ensure hands are	developing use of upper body strength taking weight on hands and feet – front support (press up	Mirror and match partner's balance i.e. making same shape on a different level or in a different place. Explore symmetrical and	Mirror and match partner's balance i.e. making same shape on a different level or in a different place. Explore symmetrical and asymmetrical balances on own and with a partner.
	ankles, feet and toes. Rest hands on knees. Explore the 5 basic shapes: straight/tucked/star/straddle/pike. Try balancing in these shapes on large body parts: back, front, side, bottom. Challenge balance and use of core strength by exploring and developing use of upper body strength taking weight on hands and feet – front support (press up position) and back support (opposite). NB: ensure hands are always FLAT on floor and fingers	Challenge balance and use of core strength by exploring and developing use of upper body strength taking weight on hands and feet – front support (press up position) and back support (opposite). NB: ensure hands are always FLAT on floor and fingers	of 1/2/3/4 "points" e.g. 2 hands and 1 foot, head and 2 hands in a tucked head stand. Balance on floor and apparatus	Explore balancing on combinations of 1/2/3/4 "points" e.g. 2 hands and 1 foot, head and 2 hands in a tucked head stand. Balance on floor and apparatus exploring which body parts are the safest to use.	Explore and develop control in taking some/all of a partner's weight using counter balance (pushing against) and counter tension (pulling away from). Perform a range of acrobatic balances with a partner on the floor and on different levels on	Explore and develop control in taking some/all of a partner's weight using counter balance (pushing against) and counter tension (pulling away from). Perform a range of acrobatic balances with a partner on the floor and on different levels on	
	Explore balance on front and back so that extended arms and legs are held off the floor (arch and dish shapes respectively). Develop balance by showing good tension in the core and tension and extension in the arms and legs, hands and feet.	point the same way as toes).	point the same way as toes).	facing, beside, behind and on different levels. Move in and out of balance fluently.	Explore balancing with a partner: facing, beside, behind and on different levels. Move in and out of balance fluently.	fluency and control. Begin to take more weight on hands when progressing bunny	apparatus. Perform group balances at the beginning, middle or end of a sequence. Consider how to move in and out of these balances with fluency and control. Begin to take more weight on hands when progressing bunny
	Explore walking "like a gymnast: extend core, legs, hold extended arms above shoulder height in front, up high, out to side, stress the extension of hands and fingers.	Begin to travel on hands and feet. In all travelling actions place hands FLAT on floor and fully extend arms. Monkey walk - take some weight on hands as you travel	Begin to travel on hands and feet. In all travelling actions place hands FLAT on floor and fully extend arms. Monkey walk - take some weight on hands as you travel with bent	Bunny hop – transfer weight to hands and jump feet off floor keeping knees tucked into chest. Next, reach extended arms forward followed by knees tucked into chest then land on feet.	Bunny hop – transfer weight to hands and jump feet off floor keeping knees tucked into chest. Next, reach extended arms forward followed by knees tucked into chest then land on feet.	hop into hand stand Travel sideways in a bunny hop and develop into cartwheeling action keeping knees tucked in and by placing one hand then the other on the floor. Next extend legs further into cartwheeling	hop into hand stand Travel sideways in a bunny hop and develop into cartwheeling action keeping knees tucked in and by placing one hand then the other on the floor. Next extend legs further into cartwheeling
Travel	Explore skipping Explore side stepping, bringing feet together after each side step. Explore sliding along a bench pulling body forward with both hands. Explore crawling along a bench.	with bent legs and extended arms. Caterpillar walk – hips raised so legs a swell as arms can be fully extended. Keep hands still while walking feet towards hands, keep feet still while walking hands away from feet until in front support position	legs and extended arms. Caterpillar walk – hips raised so legs a swell as arms can be fully extended. Keep hands still while walking feet towards hands, keep feet still while walking hands away from feet until in front support position (see above).	Explore bunny hop along and over a bench. Use a variety of rolling actions to travel on the floor and along apparatus. Travel with a partner; move away from and together on the floor and on apparatus.	Explore bunny hop along and over a bench. Use a variety of rolling actions to travel on the floor and along apparatus. Travel with a partner; move away from and together on the floor and on apparatus.	action i.e. right hand followed by left hand, followed by left foot, followed by right foot. Always keep arms and legs fully extended and tense to support weight. Increase the variety of pathways, levels and speeds at which you travel.	action i.e. right hand followed by left hand, followed by left foot, followed by right foot. Always keep arms and legs fully extended and tense to support weight. Increase the variety of pathways, levels and speeds at which you travel.

		Runny han hagin by avalating	Runny han hagin by avalaging	Travel at different speeds e.g.	Travel at different speeds e.g.	Travel in time with a partner, move	Travel in time with a partner record
		Bunny hop – begin by exploring transferring weight to hands,	Bunny hop – begin by exploring transferring weight to hands,			away from and back to a partner.	Travel in time with a partner, move away from and back to a partner.
	1	crouch down so bottom touches	crouch down so bottom touches	1	quickly before jumping.		and sack to a partitor.
		heels, with fully extended arms	heels, with fully extended arms	Travel in different pathways on the	Travel in different pathways on the		
		drop forwards until some weight	drop forwards until some weight	floor and using apparatus, explore	floor and using apparatus, explore		
		transfers to hands and push back	transfers to hands and push back		different entry and exit points		
		to transfer all weight back to feet.	to transfer all weight back to feet.	other than travelling in a straight	other than travelling in a straight		
		Next, transfer weight to hands and	Next, transfer weight to hands and	line on apparatus.	line on apparatus.		
		jump feet off floor keeping knees tucked into chest. Next, reach	jump feet off floor keeping knees tucked into chest. Next, reach				
		extended arms forward followed	extended arms forward followed				
		by knees tucked into chest then	by knees tucked into chest then				
		land on feet. Explore bunny hop	land on feet.				
		along a bench.	Explore bunny hop along a bench.				
	Introduce correct landing position:	Explore shape in the air when	Explore shape in the air when		When children demonstrate		Make symmetrical and
	land on balls of foot, lower heels	jumping and landing with control	jumping and landing with		control of straight, star and tucked		asymmetrical shapes in the air.
	to floor, soft knees. Feet should be	e.g. star shape (without arms to	control e.g. star shape (without		shapes, perform from a bench –		Jump along, over and off
	together on landing.	begin with) and tuck shape (knees	arms to begin with) and tuck		stress keeping body upright,		apparatus of varying height with
	Explore staying balanced with	to upright chest, not chest down	shape (knees to upright chest, not chest down to knees).		strong core, tension and extension in limbs.		control in the air and on
	good core strength to hold body	to knees).					landing.
	upright when jumping from: 2 to 2 feet, 1 to 2 feet, 2 to 1 foot, 1 to	When children demonstrate	When children demonstrate control of straight, star and		Explore leaping forward in stag jump, taking off from one foot		
	other foot, 1 to same foot.	control of straight, star and tucked	tucked shapes, perform from a		and landing on the other. Try on		
		shapes, perform from a bench –	bench – stress keeping body		floor and along bench controlling		
Julip	Perform a straight jump in the air with a controlled landing – core	stress keeping body upright, strong core, tension and extension	upright, strong core, tension and		take-off and landing.		
	strength should keep body upright	_ =	extension in limbs.		Add a quarter or half turn into a		
	throughout the take off and				jump before landing. Do this first		
	landing.				on the floor and when sufficiently		
					controlled, perform off apparatus.		
					Make a twisted shape in the air		
					and control landing by keeping		
					body upright throughout the		
					twisting action.		
	Pencil roll – from back to front keeping body and limbs in	Continue to develop control in the Pencil and Dish rolls.	Continue to develop control in the Pencil and Dish rolls		Continue to develop control in the Pencil, Dish, Teddy Bear & Rock	Explore different starting and finishing positions when rolling	Explore different starting and finishing positions when rolling
	straight shape.	the Fericii and Dish folis.	the Fencil and Dish folis	· ·	and Roll rolling actions on the	e.g. forward roll from a straddle	e.g. forward roll from a straddle
	straight shape.	Begin to extend the Egg roll into	Begin to extend the Egg roll into	floor, off and along apparatus or	floor, off and along apparatus or in		position on feet and end in a
	Egg roll – lie on side in tucked	the Teddy Bear roll by performing	the Teddy Bear roll by performing	in time with a partner.	time with a partner.	straddle position on floor or	straddle position on floor or
	shape, holding knees tucked into	the roll with legs apart (straddle	the roll with legs apart			feet/begin a backward roll from	feet/begin a backward roll from
	chest roll onto back and onto	position). Further extend the	Further extend the Teddy Bear	Combine the phases of earlier	Combine the phases of earlier	standing in a straight position,	standing in a straight position,
	other side. Repeat to build up core strength.	Teddy Bear roll by starting sitting in straddle, holding extended legs	roll by starting sitting in straddle,	rolling actions to perform the full forward roll.	rolling actions to perform the full forward roll.	ending in a straddle position on	ending in a straddle position on
	core strength.	below knees to keep them in	holding extended legs below	idii ioiwaid ioii.	lorward ron.	feet. Explore symmetry and asymmetry throughout the rolling	feet. Explore symmetry and asymmetry throughout the rolling
	Dish roll – with extended arms and	straddle as you roll onto side, then	knees to keep them in straddle as	1	Backward rolls – Rock and Roll	actions.	actions.
	legs off the floor, roll from dish to	back, then other side then sit up –	you roll onto side, then back, then	1	(the first phase of the roll) begin		detions.
	arch shape slowly and with control.	you should be lucking the opposite	other side then sit up – you	1 '	by sitting in tucked shape on mat		
D. II		an out of the min of the date of the control of the	should be facing the opposite direction still in straddle position.	mat holding hands beside ears to make 'bunny ears'. Rock back	holding hands beside ears to make 'bunny ears'.		
Roll		Perform 2 rolls to perform the full	Perform 2 rolls to perform the full	keeping knees and chin tucked	illake buility ears.		
		Circle roll	Circle roll	in and place palms flat on floor	Rock back keeping knees and chin		
		Rock and Roll (the final phase of		beside head, roll forwards into	tucked in and place palms flat on		
	1	the forward roll) – sit in tucked	Rock and Roll– sit in tucked shape	tucked position. Explore taking	floor beside head, roll forwards		
		shape holding onto knees, chin to	holding onto knees, chin to chest;	one knee over head to one	into tucked position. Explore		
		chest; rock back roll forward to	rock back roll forward to sitting position again. If lacking core	side, pushing away from the	taking one knee over head to one side, pushing away from the floor		
		sitting position again. If lacking	strength and body tension, place	moor with harras to ron	with hands to roll backwards to		
		core strength and body tension, place a bean bag under chin,	a bean bag under chin, between	backwards to finish in a stag shape on floor. Increase	finish in a stag shape on floor.		
	1	between knees and between feet.	knees and between feet. Explore	momentum of backwards	Increase momentum of backwards		
		Explore different finishing	different finishing positions e.g.	rocking action and push harder	rocking action and push harder		
	1	positions e.g. opening out when	opening out when nearing sitting	with hands to raise hips above	with hands to raise hips above		
		nearing sitting position in straddle.	position in straddle.	head and create space for head	head and create space for head to		
		ricaring sitting position in straduce.	Ī	to tuck under.	tuck under.		

	the forward roll) crouch in tucked shape, feet on floor, hands flat on floor in front. Keep hands and feet still, raise hips in the air to inverted 'V' position. This will encourage children to raise hips	inverted 'V' position. This will				
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Progression of Skills – P.E. (Outdoor and Adventure Activities)

Skills	EYFS	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
Orientation	Identify where they are on simple maps and diagrams of familiar environments e.g. in relation t o position of desk in plan of classroom Use simple maps and diagrams to follow a trail	on a map Begin to orientate the map Locate control points from looking at a map Follow a map to complete a course Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) Use locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe	Orientate simple maps and plans Mark control points in correct position on their map or plan (e.g. where they find an object when following a photo trail) Find their way back to a base point Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) Use locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map	Orientate a map Find controls from looking at a map Follow compass	Orientate simple maps and plans Mark control points in correct position on their map or plan (e.g. where they find an object when following a photo trail) Find their way back to a base point	Draw their own maps and plans and set trails for others to follow Use the eight points of the compass to orientate themselves Plan before starting an orienteering challenge and use symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world	Draw their own maps and plans and set trails for others to follow Use the eight points of the compass to orientate themselves Plan before starting an orienteering challenge Use symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world
		keep the group safe Share ideas with friends and listen to their own ideas	Co-operate to share roles within a group Listen to each other's ideas when planning a task Change your ideas if they are not working Take responsibility for a role within the group Recognise that some outdoor adventurous activities can be dangerous Follow rules to keep self and others safe	Co-operate to share roles within a group Listen to each other's ideas when planning a task Change your ideas if they are not working Take responsibility for a role within the group Recognise that some outdoor adventurous activities can be dangerous Follow rules to keep self and others safe	Co-operate to share roles within a group Listen to each other's ideas when planning a task Change your ideas if they are not working Take responsibility for a role within the group Recognise that some outdoor adventurous activities can be dangerous Follow rules to keep self and others safe	Together, plan and share roles within the group based on each other's strengths Work increasingly well in groups where roles and responsibilities are understood Change roles or ideas if they are not working Recognise own and others' feelings Recognise and talk about the dangers of tasks Recognise how to keep themselves and others safe	Together, plan and share roles within the group based on each other's strengths Work increasingly well in groups where roles and responsibilities are understood Change roles or ideas if they are not working Recognise own and others' feelings Recognise and talk about the dangers of tasks Recognise how to keep themselves and others safe
	Discuss how to follow trails and solve problems Work with friends to select appropriate equipment for the task	equipment/route/people to solve a problem successfully Choose effective strategies and	Select appropriate equipment/route/people to solve a problem successfully Choose effective strategies and change ideas if not working	Select appropriate equipment/route/people to solve a problem successfully Choose effective strategies and change ideas if not working	Select appropriate equipment/route/people to solve a problem successfully Choose effective strategies and change ideas if not working	Plan strategies to solve problems/plan routes/follow trails/build shelters etc. Implement and refine strategies Recognise what went well and why, what you would do differently next time	Plan strategies to solve problems/plan routes/follow trails/build shelters etc. Implement and refine strategies Recognise what went well and why, what you would do differently next time